

An Improved Heuristic Approach towards Plant Layout Optimization

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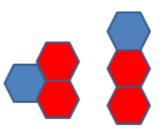
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Article History Article Received: 18 May 2019 Revised: 14 July 2019 Accepted: 22 December 2019 Publication: 04 February 2020 Abstract:

An improved heuristic approach is planned and experimented for plant layout optimization. One of the alternatives to find out optimum solution in the area of plant layout could be achieved by trying different shapes and arrangement in plant layout location. The various shapes and sizes and its analysis is discussed in the paper. The idea of this alternative of placing departments in other than rectangular shapes are experimented and analyzed. It is not discussed in such logic before. It is novel idea which is being incorporated and set up a new scope for the researchers to look for this dimension of incorporation in optimization of plant layout. Traditional approach of plant layout optimization considers rectangular shapes. In this paper the emphasis is given to hexagonal shape instead of rectangular. Heuristic approach is experimented Honeycomb way. We know that a Hexagon has six sides and it can accommodate six departments near it.

1. Introduction: To achieve maximum closeness rating the various orientation of hexagonal shape are discussed. The data is taken from the case study and incorporated accordingly. Let us assume that we have one hexagon of area 50 sq mt, then clearly 2 hexagons will give area 100 sq-mt this arrangement has highest TCR rating with the TCR department and also maximum can accommodate more number of departments with the highest TCR department. There are only 2 cases possible in this discussion. In Case 1 there are 2 sides occupies and by plotting the graph we got the value of CD as 2 and this is even less than obtained from the accepted arrangement.



In Case 2 one side is occupied and Centroid distance measured is 3.8, which is behind acceptable value. The following data is considered from the industry for experimenting and validating the result.



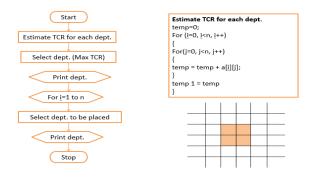
2. Data table:

Department Name	Size	No. of Hexagons
1. Furnace	100	2
2. Hot rolling	50	1
3. Shearing	50	1
4. Cold rolling	50	1
5. Circle machining	50	1
6. Annealing	50	1
7. Pressing	50	1
8. Lathe machine	250	5
9. Collar cutting m/c	50	1
10. Semi finished storage	200	4
11. Finishing	50	1
12. Chemical Finishing	100	2
13. Dispatch	100	2
14. Scrap	150	3
15. Raw Material	100	2

3.0 Algorithm Logic for designing New Facility

Step 1 - Estimate the TCR for each department.

Step 2 - Select department with maximum TCR. Place the selected in the centre for department [i=1 to n] Select an department to be placed, place the selected in the layout end for.



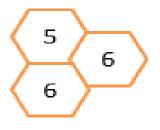
Step 3 – Selection rules Choose the next activity having largest number of A, E,I,O,U,X, etc] relationships with the

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department already in the layout. Supplement above procedure with TCR for choosing first department and breaking ties.

Step 4 – Placement rules

Contiguity Rule: If an activity is represented by more than one unit area hexagon, every unit area hexagon must share at least one edge with at least one unit area representing the activity.



Example:	D5:- 1 Hexagon	D6:-
Hexagon		

2



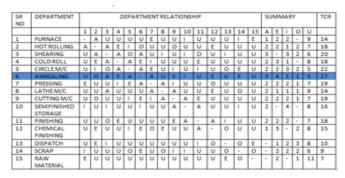
3.1 Placement Combinations alternatives:

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3	∞	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\mathbf{c}
3	80	3			
4	0000		8		œ
4	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				$\bigoplus_{i=1}^{n}$
4		6 0			

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5	$\infty \infty \infty$	$\alpha \alpha \alpha \alpha \beta$	a	8	ထာည
5					9200
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Connectedness Rule: The perimeter of an department must be a closed loop that is

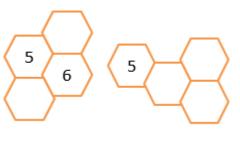
EXISTING:-



PROPOSED:-

SR NO	DEPARTMENT				D	EPA	RTN	NENT	RE	LATI	ONSI	(IP					SU	MN	MAR	¥		TCR
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	A	E	1	0	U	
1	FURNACE		A	U	U	U	U	E	U	U	1	U	U	U	1	E	1	2	2		9	14
2	HOTROLLING	А,	-	А	E	1	0	U	U	0	U	U	E	U	U	U	2	2	1	2	7	18
3	SHEARING	U	A		A	0	A	U	1	U	1	0	U	1	U	U	3		3	2	6	20
4	COLD ROLL	U	E	А	-	А	E	1	U	U	U	E	U	U	U	U	2	3	1	-	8	18
5	CIRCLE M/C	U	1	0	A		A	E	U	1	U	1	U	0	E	U	2	2	3	2	5	22
6	ANNEALING	U	0	A	E	A	-	A	U	E	1	U		U	E	U	3	4	1	1	5	27
7	PRESSING		U	U	1	E	A	-	А	1	U	U	0	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19
8	LATHE M/C	U	U	A	U	U	U	A		A	U	U	E	U	0	U	2	1	1	1	9	14
9	CUTTING M/C	U	0	U	U	1		1	A	-	A		U	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19
10	SEMIFINISHED	1	U	1	v	U	1	U	U	A	-	A	U	U	1	U	2	-	4	-	8	16
11	FINISHING	U	U	0	E	U	U	U	U	E	A		A	1	U	U	2	2	2		7	18
12	CHEMICAL FINISHING	U	E	U	U	1	E	0	ε	U	U	A	-	0	v	U	1	3	-	2	8	15
13	DISPATCH	U	E	1	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	1	0	-	0	E	-	1	2	3	8	10
14	SCRAP	1	U	U	U	0	E	U	0	1	1	U	U	0		0		2	2	2	6	9
15	RAW MATERIAL	E	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	E	0	-	-	2	-	1	11	7

always in contact with some edge of some unit area hexagon representing the activity.



Open loop Closed loop

Determining possible shapes becomes non trivial for department more than 5 unit hexagon and some shapes bizarre configuration. Therefore additional rules are used.

Enclosed Void Rule: No department contains an enclosed void.

4. Placement Sequence of the departments with Honeycomb shape and its comparison:

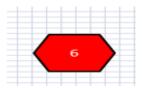
The logic of CORELAP is used and experimented to find out placement location with both the shapes and it is shown as below:

PLACEMENT SEQUENCE - 6



Department 6 has the maximum TCR value hence it is placed in the middle of the the area so that it is able to arrange maximum departments near it.

PLACEMENT SEQUENCE - 6





EXISTING:-

SR NO	DEPARTMENT				D	EPA	RTN	IEN	RE	ATI	ONSI	HIP					SU	IMN	AR	Υ.		TCR
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	A	E	1	0	U	
1	FURNACE		A			U	U	Ε	U	U	1	U	U	U	1	E	1	2	2		9	14
2	HOTROLLING	A	-	A	٤	1	0	U	U	0	U	U	ε	U	U	U	2	2	1	2	7	18
3	SHEARING	U	A		A	0	A	U	1	U	1	0	U	1	U	U	3	-	3	2	6	20
4	COLD ROLL	U	Ε	A		A	E	1	U	U	U	Ε	U	U	U	U	2	3	1	-	8	18
5	CIRCLE M/C	U	1		A		A	Ε	U	1	U	1	U	0	E	U	2	2	3	2	5	22
6	ANNEALING	U	0	A	Ε	A		A	U	E	1	U	E	U	E	U	3	4	1	1	5	27
7	PRESSING	E	U	U	1	Ε	A		A	1	U	U	0	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19
8	LATHE M/C	U	U	A	U	U	U	A	-	A	U	U	ε	U	0	U	2	1	1	1	9	14
9	CUTTING M/C	U	0	U	U	1	Ε	1	Д	-	A	ε	U	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19
10	SEMIFINISHED	1	U	1	U	U	1	U	U	A	-	A	U	U	1	U	2	-	4	-	8	16
11	FINISHING	U	U	0	Ε	U	U	U	U	Ε	A		A	1	U	U	2	2	2		7	18
12	CHEMICAL FINISHING	U	E	U	U	1	ε	0	E	U	U	A	-	0	U	U	1	3	•	2	8	15
13	DISPATCH	U	Ε	1	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	1	0		0	E		1	2	3	8	10
14	SCRAP	1	U	U	U	0	ε	U	0	1	1	U	U	0		0	-	2	2	2	6	9
15	RAW	E	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	E	0	-	-	2	•	1	11	7

PROPOSED:-

SR NO	DEPARTMENT				D	EPA	RTN	IEN	T REI	ATI	ONSI	HIP					su	IMN	AR	m.		TCR
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	A	E	1	0	U	
1	FURNACE	-	A			U	U	Ε	U	U	1	U	U	U	1	E	1	2	2		9	14
2	HOTROLLING	A	-	A	ε	1	0		U	0	U	U	ε	U	U	U	2	2	1	2	7	18
3	SHEARING	U	A		A	0	A		1	U	1	0	U	1	U	U	3	-	3	2	6	20
4	COLD ROLL	U	E	A		A	Ε		U	U	U	Ε	U	U	U	U	2	3	1	-	8	18
5	CIRCLE M/C	U	1		A	-	A	E	U	1	U	1	U	0	E	U	2	2	3	2	5	22
6	ANNEALING	U	0	A	Ξ	A		A	U	E	1	U	E	U	E	U	3	4	1	1	5	27
7	PRESSING	ε	U	U	1	ε	A	-	A	1	U	U	0	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19
8	LATHE M/C	U	U	A	U	U	U	A	-	A	U	U	٤	U	0	U	2	1	1	1	9	14
9	CUTTING M/C	U	0	U	U	1	Ε	1	A	-	A	ε	U	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19
10	SEMIFINISHED STORAGE	1	U	1	U	U	1	U	U	Α	-	A	U	U	1	U	2	-	4	-	8	16
11	FINISHING	U	U	0	Ε	U	U	U	U	Ε	A		A	1	U	U	2	2	2		7	18
12	CHEMICAL FINISHING	U	E	U	U	1	ε	0	E	U	U	^	-	0	U	U	1	3	•	2	8	15
13	DISPATCH	U	Ε	1	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	1	0		0	E	-	1	2	3	8	10
14	SCRAP	1	U	U	U	0	ε	U	0	1	1	U	U	0	-	0	-	2	2	2	6	9
15	RAW	E	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	ε	0	-	-	2	•	1	11	7

EXISTING:-

SR NO	DEPARTMENT				D	EPA	RTN	IEN	T REI	ATI	ONSI	ΗP					su	IMN	AR	Υ.		TCR
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	A	E	1	0	U	
1	FURNACE		Α			U	U	Ε	U	U	1	U	U	U	1	Ε	1	2	2		9	14
2	HOTROLLING	A		A	٤	1	0	U	U	0	U	U	ε	U	U	U	2	2	1	2	7	18
3	SHEARING	U	Α		A	0	A	U	1	U	1	0	U	1	U	U	3	-	3	2	6	20
4	COLD ROLL	U	Ε	A		Α	Ε	1	U	U	U	Ε	U	U	U	U	2	3	1	-	8	18
5	CIRCLE M/C	U	1		A		Α	Ε	U	1	U	1	U	0	E	U	2	2	3	2	5	22
6	ANNEALING	U	0	A	ε	Α		A	U	Ε	1	U	E	U	E	U	3	4	1	1	5	27
7	PRESSING	Ε	U	U	1	Ε	Α		A	1	U	U	0	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19
8	LATHE M/C	U	U	Α	U	U	U	A	-	А	U	U	£	U	0	U	2	1	1	1	9	14
9	CUTTING M/C	U	0	U	U	1	Ε	1	A	-	A	Ε	U	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19
10	SEMIFINISHED STORAGE	1	U	I	U	U	I.	U	U	A	•	A	U	U	1	U	2	•	4	•	8	16
11	FINISHING	U	U	0	Ε	U	U	U	U	Ε	Α		A	1	U	U	2	2	2		7	18
12	CHEMICAL FINISHING	U	E	U	U	1	E	0	E	U	U	A	-	0	U	U	1	3	•	2	8	15
13	DISPATCH	U	Ε	1	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	1	0		0	Ε		1	2	3	8	10
14	SCRAP	1	U	U	U	0	Ε	U	0	1	1	U	U	0		0		2	2	2	6	9
15	RAW MATERIAL	E	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	E	0	•	-	2	•	1	11	7

PROPOSED:-

SR NO	DEPARTMENT				D	EPA	RTN	IEN	T REI	AT)	ONSI	ΗP					SU	IMN	AR	Y		TCR
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	A	E	1	0	U	
1	FURNACE		Α	U		U	U	Ε	U	U	1	U	U	U	1	E	1	2	2		9	14
2	HOTROLLING	A	-	A	٤	1	0	U	U	0	U	U	ε	U	U	U	2	2	1	2	7	18
3	SHEARING	U	Α	-	A	0	Α	U	1	U	1	0	U	1	U	U	3	-	3	2	6	20
4	COLD ROLL	U	Ε	A		Α	Ε	1	U	U	U	Ε	U	U	U	U	2	3	1		8	18
5	CIRCLE M/C	U	1		A		A	Ε	U	1	U	1	U	0	E	U	2	2	3	2	5	22
6	ANNEALING	U	0	A	ε	Α		A	U	Ε	1	U	Ε	U	E	U	3	4	1	1	5	27
7	PRESSING	Ε	U	U	1	Ε	Α		A	1	U	U	0	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19
8	LATHE M/C	U	U	A	U	U	U	A	-	A	U	U	£	U	0	U	2	1	1	1	9	14
9	CUTTING M/C	U	0	U	U	1	Ε	1	A	-	A	Ε	U	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19
10	SEMIFINISHED	1	U	1	U	U	1	U	U	A	•	Α	U	U	I	U	2	•	4	•	8	16
11	FINISHING	U	U	0	Ε	U	U	U	U	Ε	Α		A	1	U	U	2	2	2		7	18
12	CHEMICAL	U	ε	U	U	I.	ε	0	E	U	U	A	-	0	U	U	1	3	•	2	8	15
4.2	FINISHING	U	E		U	U	U	U	U	U	U		0	-	0	E		1	2	3	8	10
13		_	-	<u> </u>	_	_	_	-	_	0	0	-	-		-	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	_	_	_
14	SCRAP	1	U	U	U	0	ε	U	0	1	1	U	U	0	•	0	•	2	2	2	6	9
15	RAW MATERIAL	E	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	£	0	•	-	2	•	1	11	7

PLACEMENT SEQUENCE = 6-5-7



- D7 has max. CR with D5 & D6
- CR → A(6) + E(5) = 9
- •Centroid Distance → (7,6)= 4.81 m (7,5)= 3.30 m
- D6 (max TCR) has only 2 sides left (adjacency) problem.

PLACEMENT SEQUENCE = 6-5-7



- D7 has max. CR with D5 & D6.
- CR \rightarrow A(6) + E(5) \rightarrow 9
- Centroid Distance →(7,6)= 3.55 m (7,5)= 3.7 m
- D6 can still accommodate 4 more D.

PLACEMENT SEQUENCE = 6-5-7



- D7 has max. CR with D5 & D6
- CR → A(6) + E(5) = 9

•Centroid Distance → (7,6)= 4.81 m (7,5)= 3.30 m

 D6 (max TCR) has only 2 sides left (adjacency) problem.

PLACEMENT SEQUENCE = 6-5-7



- D7 has max. CR with D5 & D6.
- CR \rightarrow A(6) + E(5) \rightarrow 9
- Centroid Distance →(7,6)= 3.55 m (7,5)= 3.7 m
- D6 can still accommodate 4 more D.



PLACEMENT SEQUENCE - 6-5-7-4

EXISTING:-

SR NO	DEPARTMENT				D	EPA	RTN	IENT	T REI	LATI	ONSI	HIP					SU	IMN	AAR	Y		TCR
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	A	E	T	0	U	
1	FURNACE		A	U		U	U	Ε	U		1	U	U	U	1	E	1	2	2		9	14
2	HOTROLLING	A	-	Α	Ε	1	0	U	U		U	U	Ε	U	U	U	2	2	1	2	7	18
3	SHEARING	U	A	-	A	0	A	U	1		1	0	U	1	U	U	3	-	3	2	6	20
4	COLD ROLL	U	E	A		A	E	1	U		U	E	U	U	U	U	2	3	1		8	18
5	CIRCLE M/C	U	1	0	А	-	А	E	U		U	1	U	0		U	2	2	3	2	5	22
6	ANNEALING	U	0	A	Ε	Α		Α	U	ε	1	U	Ε	U	E	U	3	4	1	1	5	27
7	PRESSING	Ε	U	U		Ε	А		Α		U	U	0	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19
8	LATHE M/C	U	U	A	U	U	U	A	-	A	U	U	E	U	0	U	2	1	1	1	9	14
9	CUTTING M/C	U	0	U	U	1	Ε	1	А	-	A	E	U	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19
10	SEMIFINISHED	1	U	1	U	U	1	U	U	A	-	٨	U	U	I.	U	2	-	4	-	8	16
11	FINISHING	U	U	0	Ε	U	U	U	U	Ε	А	-	A	1	U	U	2	2	2	-	7	18
12	CHEMICAL FINISHING	U	e	U	U	1	ε	•	ε	U	U	۸	•	0	U	U	1	3	•	2	8	15
13	DISPATCH	U	Ε	1	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	1	0		0	E		1	2	3	8	10
14	SCRAP	1	U	U	U	0	Ε	U	0	1	1	U	U	0	-	0	-	2	2	2	6	9
15	RAW	E	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	ε	0	•	•	2	•	1	11	7



(4,6) → 3.6 m

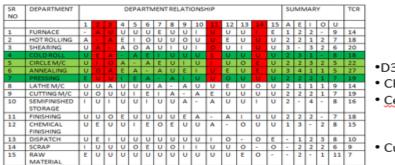
(4,7) → 6.26 m

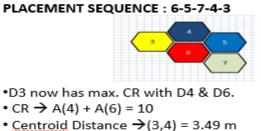
- D4 has highest score with D5,6 &7.
- CR→ A(6) + E(5) → 9
- Centroid Distance → (4,5) → 3.24 m (4,6) → 3.16 m (4,7) → 5.3 m
- PROPOSED:-PLACEMENT SEQUENCE - 6-5-7-4 DEPARTMENT DEPARTMENT RELAT 11 12 13 14 15 AE FURNACE OTROLI D4 has highest score with D5,6 &7. LATHE M/0 A U U CR→ A(6) + E(5) → 9 UTTING M/ SEMIEIN U Centroid Distance → (4,5) → 3.49 m STORAGE FINISHING FINISHING ISPATCH RAP MATERIA PLACEMENT SEQUENCE : 6-5-7-4-3



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SR NO	DEPARTMENT				C	EPA	RTN	MEN	TRE	LATI	ONS	нр					su	IMN	AR	¥		TCR	6
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	A	E	1	0	U		
1	FURNACE	-	A		U	U	U	E	U	U	1	U	U	U	1	Ε	1	2	2	-	9	14	4 5 7
2	HOTROLLING	A		A	Ε	1	0	U	U	0	U	U	Ε	U	U	U	2	2	1	2	7	18	
3	SHEARING	U	A		А	0	A	U	1	U	1	0	U	1	U	U	3	-	3	2	6	20	
4	COLD ROLL	U	ε	A		A	E	1	U	U	U	ε	U	U	U	U	2	3	1		8	18	
5	CIRCLE M/C	U			А	-	A	E	U	1	U	1	U	0	E	U	2	2	3	2	5	22	• D3 now has max. CR with D4 & D6.
6	ANNEALING	U		A	E	A		A	U	E	1.0	U	E	U	E	U	3	4	1	1	5	27	• D5 now has max. CK with D4 & D6.
7	PRESSING	E	U.	U	1	ε	A	-	A	1	U	U	0	U	U.	U	2	2	2	1	7	19	• CR → A(4) + A(6) = 10
8	LATHE M/C	U	U	A	U	U	U	A	-	A	U	U	E	U	0	U	2	1	1	1	9	14	- CK - A(4) + A(0) = 10
9	CUTTING M/C	U	0	U	U	1	E	1	A	-	A	E	U	U	U	U	2	2	2	1	7	19	$\lambda = \lambda = \lambda = \lambda = \lambda$
10	SEMIFINISHED	1	U	1	U	U	1	U	U	A	-	A	U	U		U	2	-	4	-	8	16	• Centroid Distance \rightarrow (3,4) = 5.33 m
	STORAGE			_	-		_	-	_	_	_				_	L	1						
11	FINISHING	U		0			U		U			-	A	1	U	U	2		2		7	18	(3,6) = 4.03 m
12	CHEMICAL	U	ε	U	U	1	E	0	E	U	U	A	-	0	U	U	1	3	-	2	8	15	
	FINISHING			_	-		_	-	_	-	_	_			_	L	1						(3,5) = 7.4 m
13	DISPATCH	U		1	U	U	U		U	U	U	1	0	-	0	E	-	1	2	3	8	10	
14	SCRAP	1	U		U		E	U		1	1	U	U	0	-	0	-	2	2	2	6	9	• Cumulative CR = 33
15	RAW	E	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	E	0	-	-	2	-	1	11	7	
	MATERIAL			L			L					L											

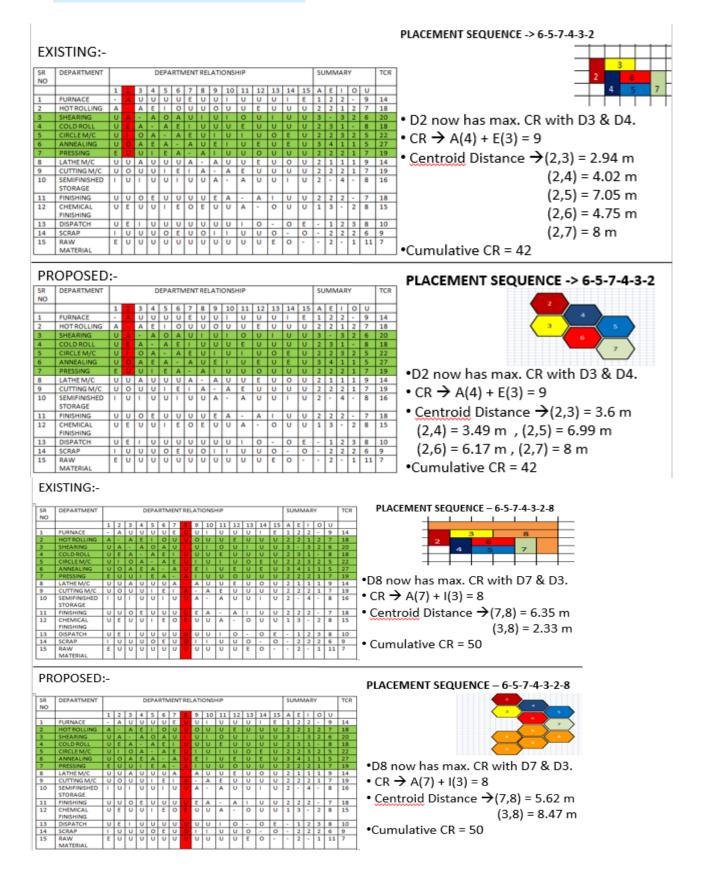




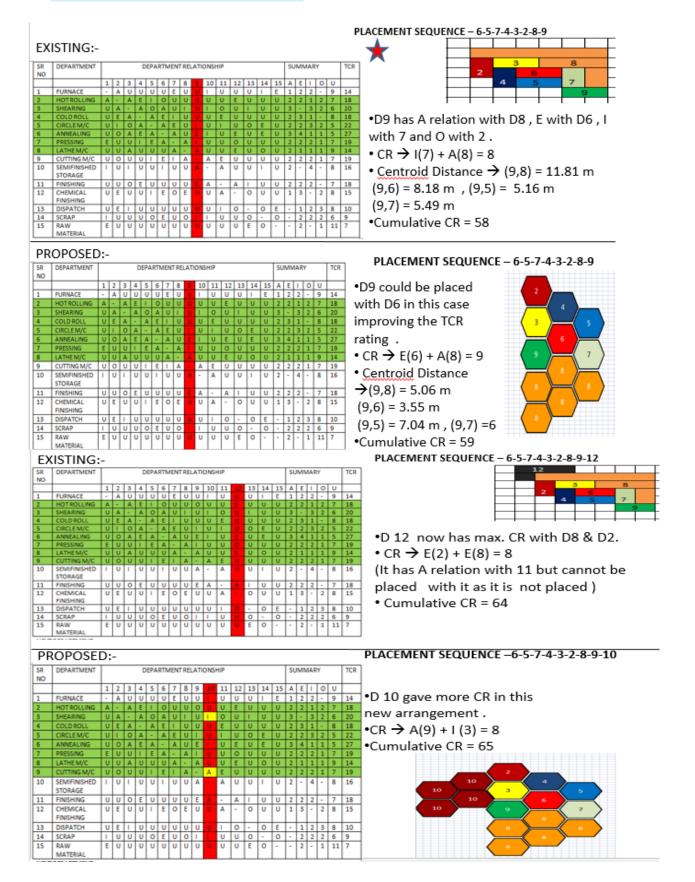


- (3,6) = 3.49 m (3,5) = 6 m
- Cumulative CR = 33

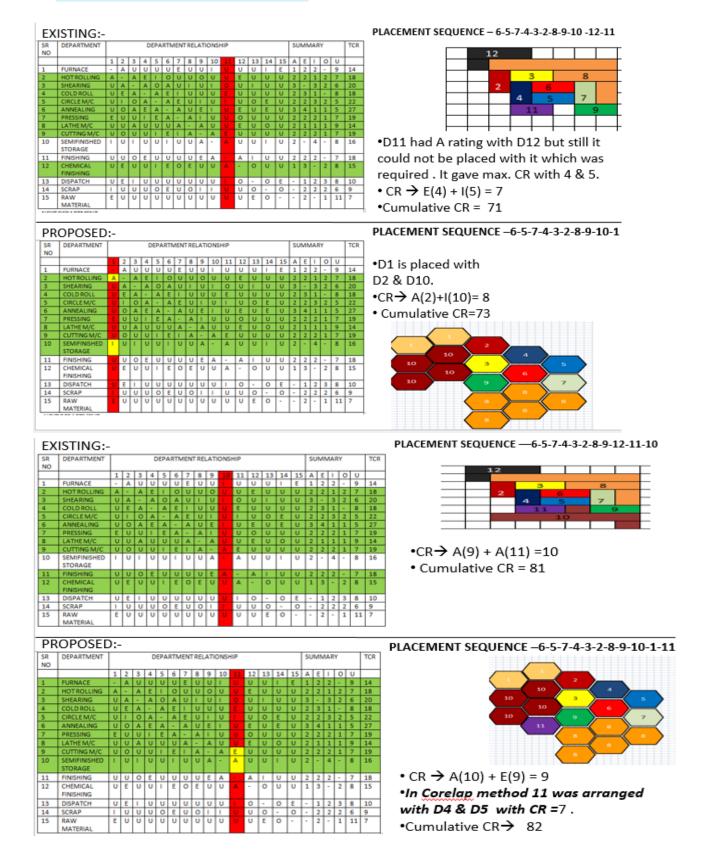




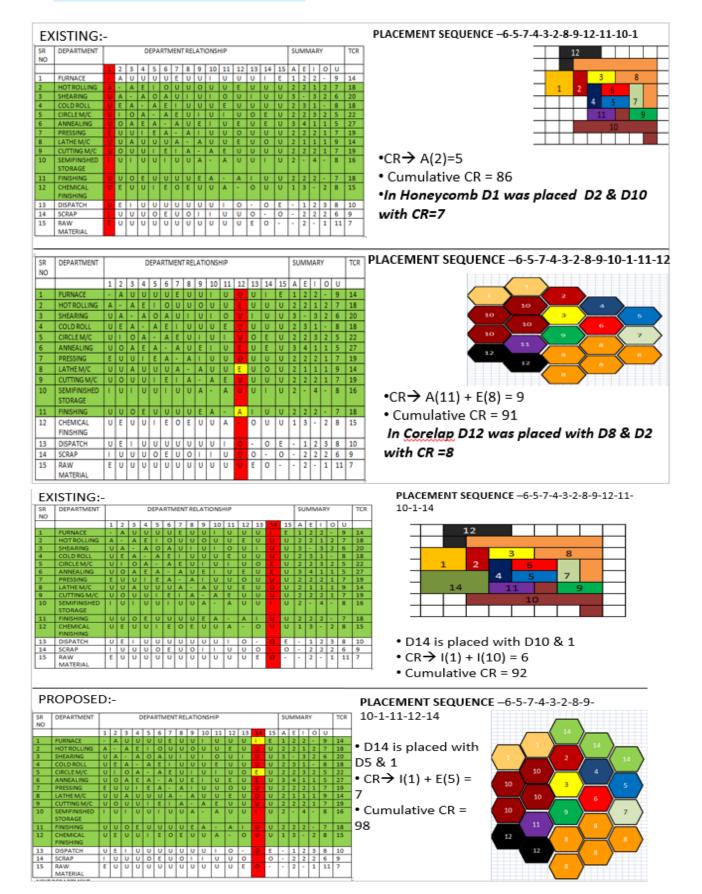




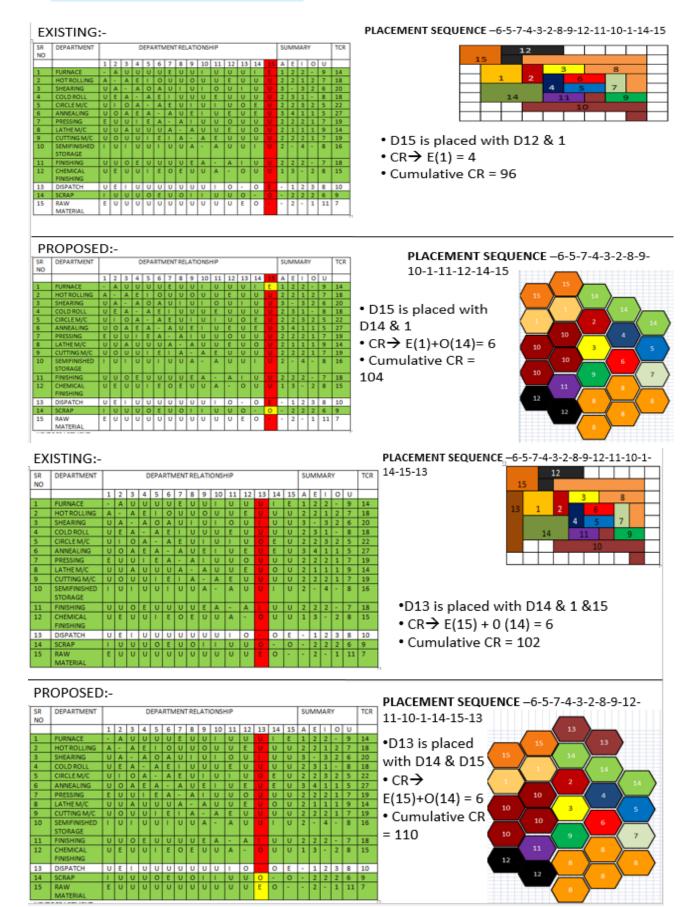






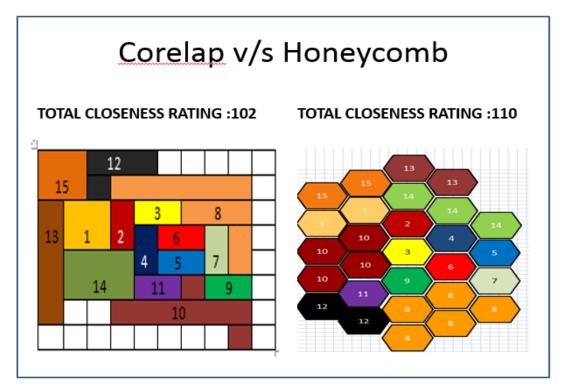








5. Corelap v/s Honeycomb and their values:



6.0. Previous and Present Relationship's chart and its Centroid distance

Previ	ous	Rela	atior	isni	o Ch	artis	s <u>Cer</u>	itro	ia D	istar	ice:-	-				
					Pre	vious Cen	troid Distar	ice								
co ordinates	Depts	1	2	3	4	6	1	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	Total
10.2,5.5	1		2.6				10.47			13.29				7.35	6.91	40.62
10.3,8.1	2		•	4.97	4.02	5.99	•		12.18			7.6				39.51
8.6,10.5	3				5.32	7.09	•	2.67	-	13.04	10.79		9.15	-	-	52.08
13.9,9.9	4					1.95	5.26		-		8.33			-	-	18.67
15.71,2.6	5					3.6	3.11		5.16		4.11		9.9	6.46		32.34
12.1,12.5	6						3.3		7.49	9.4		10.5		8.15		38.84
14,15.2	7							6.36	5.49			13.5		-	-	25.35
8,13.1	8							-	11.81			7.49		-		19.3
19.4,16.2	9									4.25	5.4					9.65
21.5,12.5	10									•	2.7			7.29	•	9.99
19.4,10.8	11										-	16.96	9.74	-	-	26.7
2.7,7.8	12											-	12.04	-	-	12.04
13.7,2.9	13													5.17	10.24	15.41
17.5,6.4	14														14.24	14.24
3.5,3.8	15														-	



			ano	nam	р сп	arts	reu	troit	l Dist	lance	e					
					Pre	esent Relat	tionship Ch	hart								
)epts	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	Total
1	-	4.59	-		-	•	13.3	-	•	5.3	-	-	-	7.56	3.8	34.55
2			3.6	3.5	7	6.17	•	•	7.3	•	•	12.6	1.0	•		40.17
3			-	3.49	6	3.5	-	8.47		4.86	6.17	-	10.12	•	-	42.61
4					3.49	3.6	6.26	•		•	9.37	•		•		22.72
5						3.5	3.7		7.04		10.5		10.9	6.26		41.9
6						•	2.32		5.69	7.86		3.91		11.72		31.5
1								5.16	6	•	•	11.42		•		22.58
8									4.71		-	7		13.6	-	25.31
9										5.6	3.4	•		•		9
10										-	4.9	-	-	10	-	14.9
11											•	3.17	12.4	•		15.57
12												-	19	•	-	19
13													•	4.71	6.4	11.11
14															7.9	7.9
15																

7. Department sequence and closeness rating achieved is shown as below:

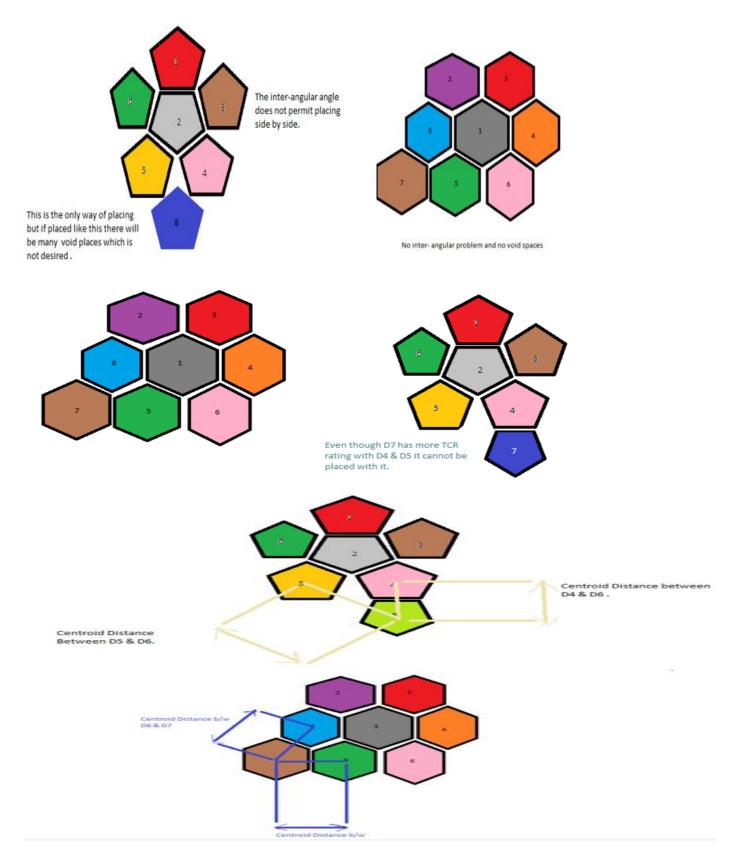
Department	Sequence	CR Previous	Sequence	CR New	A=5
1	13_14_2_12_15	12	15_14_2_10_13	15	E=4
2	1_3_8_4_14	14	1_10_3_4_14	14	I=3
3	2_4_6_8	18	2_4_6_9_10	18	0=2
4	2_3_5_6_11_14	22	2_3_5_6_14	18	U=(
5	4_6_7_9_11_10	20	4_6_7_14	18	
6	3_4_5_7_8	19	3_4_5_7_8_9	23	
7	5_6_8_9_10	17	5_6_8	14	
8	3_6_7_12_9	17	7_6_9_11_12	14	
9	7_10	8	3_10_11_8_6	18	
10	14_11_9	13	3_9_11	13	
11	4_5_10_14	11	10_12_8_9	14	
12	1_8_15	4	10_11_8	9	
13	15_1_14	6	15_14	6	
14	13_1_2_4_11_10	8	15_13_1_2_4_5	11	
15	13_1_12	8	1_14_13	10	
		ERV=197		ERV=215	

ERV= End Relationship value, CR= closeness Rating



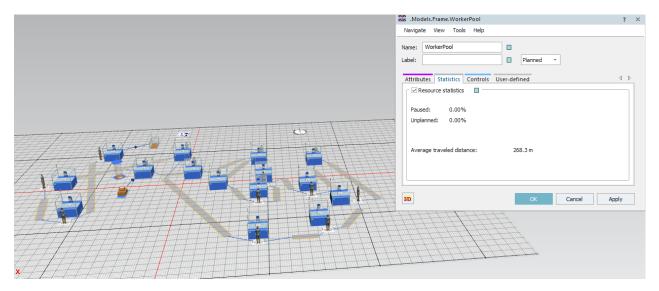
8. Comparison of Pentagonal and Hexagonal shapes and its outcome is

Shown as below:

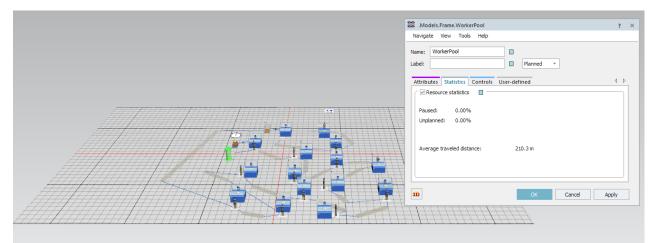




9. Comparison of values and experimentation is done using Technomatix Plant Layout Simulation tool. The results are obtained and discussed:



The average distance traveled by the worker comes out to be 268.3 m.



The average travel distance of worker by Honeycomb Model comes out to be 210.3 m which is considerably low.

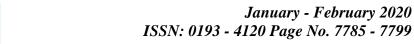
10. Results:

In this paper it has been experimented with the various algorithms for plant layout optimization. These algorithms include CRAFT, ALDEP and CORELAP. After the implementation of all these algorithms the results are as follows:

10.1 Result outcome with CRAFT:

	Initial	Final
Distance	182	162.32
Cost Travelling	16,244	14,488

Total	1,756
Savings/Batch	
Daily Savings	7,024
Monthly Savings	1,82,624
Yearly Savings	21,91,488





10.2 Comparison of distance with ALDEP, CORELAP and honeycomb shape as option:

		•	
Algorithm	ALDEP	CORELAP	Honeycomb
Total Closeness Rating(TCR)	96	102	110
End Relationship Value	-	197	215
Centroid Distance	-	354 m	338 m
Avg. Travelled Distance	-	268 m	210 m
(by worker per batch) from Simulation			

11. CONCLUSION:

The end relationship value obtained by CORELAP was 197 while that obtained by Honeycomb method is 215.

- The centroid distance for CORELAP was estimated to be 354.74.
- The centroid distance for Honeycomb method is 338.82
- TCR value from Corelap was found to be 102 and with Honeycomb method it is 110.
- Simulation shows the average travel distance by worker to be 268 and 210 for corelap and honeycomb model respectively.

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